



When Do Children and Teens Need Vaccinations?

Age	Hep B Hepatitis B	DTaP/Tdap Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis	Hib Haemophilus influenzae type b	Polio	PCV Pneumococcal conjugate	RV Rotavirus	MMR Measles, Mumps, Rubella	Varicella Chickenpox	Hep A Hepatitis A	HPV Human Papillo- mavirus	MCV4 Meningococcal conjugate	Influenza
Birth	✓ ^{1,2}											
1 month	✓											
2 months	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
4 months	✓ ³	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
6 months	✓ (6-18 mos)	✓	✓ ⁴	✓	✓	✓						
12-18 months		✓ (15-18 mos)	✓ ⁴ (12-15 mos)	✓ (6-18 mos)	✓ (12-15 mos)		✓ (12-15 mos)	✓ (12-15 mos)	✓✓ ⁶ (12-23 mos)			✓ ⁷ (6-59 mos) (given for each Influenza season)
19-23 months		Catch-up ⁹		Catch-up ⁹	Catch-up ⁹ (to 5 yrs)		Catch-up ⁹	Catch-up ⁹				
24-47 months			Catch-up ⁹ (to 5 years)									
4 years	Catch-up ¹⁰	✓ ⁵		✓ ⁵			✓ ⁵	✓ ⁵				
5 years		Catch-up ¹⁰										
6 years									Catch-up ¹⁰			
7-10 years				Catch-up ¹⁰			Catch-up ¹⁰	(All children older than age 4 years who have had only 1 dose need a 2 nd dose)				
11 - 12 years		✓ (Tdap)										
13 - 14 years										✓✓✓ (females only) ⁹		
15 years		Catch-up ¹⁰ (Tdap/Td)								Catch-up ^{9,10}	Catch-up ¹⁰	
16 - 18 years												Any child or teen who want to avoid influenza may be vaccinated; all children with risk factors should be vaccinated. ⁸

¹ All infants should be vaccinated prior to hospital discharge.

² Infants who receive hepatitis B vaccine at birth may receive up to 4 doses. The third or fourth must be given on or after 6 months of age.

³ Your infant may not need a dose of Hep B at 4 months of age depending on the type of vaccine that your health care provider uses and if dose #1 was given at birth.

⁴ A dose of Hib vaccine at 6 months of age is not needed if Merck brand (PedVaxHib or Comvax) was used for doses #1 and #2.

⁵ District of Columbia requires this vaccine at age 4 years.

⁶ All children 12-23 months of age should be vaccinated with 2 doses of Hepatitis A vaccine, with an interval of 6-12 months between dose #1 and dose #2.

⁷ If your child is between 6 months and 8 years old and is getting vaccinated against influenza for the first time,

they should get 2 doses spaced at least 4 weeks apart. If your child received only one dose in the first year of vaccination, they should receive 2 doses the following year.

⁸ Children and teens with certain medical conditions should be vaccinated against influenza. Vaccination is also important for close contacts of children younger than age 6 years and others who are at risk. Talk to your healthcare provider.

⁹ All girls and women 9-26 years should be vaccinated with 3 doses of HPV vaccine, with an interval of at least 2 months between #1 and #2 and 6 months between #1 and #3.

¹⁰ Vaccines that have been delayed or missed entirely should be given as soon as possible, including throughout the catch-up period

Please note: Some children may need additional vaccines. Talk to your healthcare provider.